Preserve

App F IX-4

Previous References 1930-31 (Ml)

File No. 178-30

Serial Nos. 6 & 7

Later References
Ml 175-33 & 1/2
" 277-33-1-2
Ml 90-37-841/2
179-37-1-2

PRESERVED

General and Revenue Secretariat.

Serial Nos two only

Part B for. April 31

SUBJECT.

Proposals for improving the conservancy in Mysore city

---

ad 7) The President, Mysore city Municipal council
" Director of Health
" Comptroller to Govt thro' Fl Secty
No & 8465-7 dt 14-4-31

Sanctions the proposals and states that Govt have no objection to the grant of a loan of Rs 5000 for the scheme subject to certain conditions

D 4377

(1

App F III—2]

General and Revenue Secretariat

ML File No 178 of 1930.

Serial No	
6	From the President, Municipality Mt C No. & J. 1577 dated 9/11.3.1931. Forwards Copy of his note regarding proposals for improving Conservancy in the suburbs and solicits Orders of Government on the following main points in the Council's Resolution of 14.2.1931:-
	1 Introduction of Compulsory daily Conservancy of Conservable latrines by Municipal agency;
	2. Imposition of a Special Sanitary Cess to raise funds for expenditure the rate being fixed at 2% per annum of the rental value fixed for house tax, irrespective of whether the latrines are of the flushing type or cleaned by Scavengers subject to a minimum of 4 as a month & a maximum of Rs 3/= per mensem
	3 Recurring expenditure of Rs 25000/=.
	4. Non-recurring expenditure of Rs 25000/=.
	5. Obtaining a loan of Rs 25000 from Govt. to meet the non-recurring expenditure repayable in 10 annual equated payments

NOTE—Contn Sheet

WD 02553—50,000—GPB—8-7 30

D 4377

(2

Mel File No 178 of 193 0

General and Revenue Secretariat

of Rs 3500 per annum:

6 - Repairing the existing public latrines at a cost of Rs 8000/- & grant of loans to the extent of Rs 5000/- for the construction of latrines in the city, the expenditure being met from the Fixed Deposit of Rs 13176 which matured last November

1) Before considering the financial aspect of the question, it is perhaps necessary to consult the Director of Health in the matter and submit for orders

Sd/- 45 2) Gen Secy 18-3-31

18/3/31

3) To Fin 19/3

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF HEALTH, MYSORE
Bangalore, dated 25-3-31
G R No 4045
File No
Despatch No

from 127 of 30
23-3-31

4) Forwarded, with compliments unofficially to the Director of Health in Mysore, for favour of opinion on the resolution of the Municipal Council for the improvement of Conservancy in Mysore City

By order.

V Subramanyaiah

Bangalore 23-3-31

For General Secy: D Govd

(3)

App F III—2]

General and Revenue Secretariat | File No 178 of 1930

Serial No.

403-12222 | File 5

27-3-31

The latrine system & the manner of collection, removal and disposal of night-soil in the city, are indeed very defective. Proposals to improve them have been made from time to time. In the Memorandum on the re-organisation of the Mysore City Health Department, submitted to Government, over a year ago, amongst other matters the question of conservancy has been exhaustively referred to. I am glad that the matter has once again come up for serious consideration of the Council. I am in full agreement with the proposals now made and strongly recommend their early and favourable consideration by Government.

6 There is, however, one point on which I would suggest modification. The President proposes levying a cess on flush latrines also. Such an impost will not be an encouragement to substitute latrines of the flush type for the dry system latrines. I would therefore propose that where any person introduces flush latrine he should be exempt from conservancy cess, the minimum period being 3 years.

Rec'd 26/3 VS

Director of Health.
25/3/31

1198

7 Submd with reg to para 3.
VS 27/3/31 & The H. Secy may be consulted.
Gen. Secy
VS
27.3.31

NOTE—Contn Sheet

WD 02553—50,000—GPB—8-7 30

R3546

(4

4371

Jud File No. 178 of 1930

General and Revenue Secretariat

10 I have no objection to a loan of Rs 2500/- being granted to the Alyden M.V. subject to the following conditions -

(1) Loan to carry interest at 6 p.c. p.a.

(2) " to be repaid in 10 annual equal instalments, discharging principal as well as interest -

(3) Default in payment of any instalment will render the M.V. liable to pay up the whole amount outstanding in one lump -

(4) Specific source of revenue to be earmarked for the repayment of the loan

- - - -

General and Revenue Secretariat | File No 178 of 1930

Serial No

14 Draft prepared
Mr 10-4-31 (3rd Member) 11.4.31

14 Approved may be sent with a D.F.N.
11/4/31 11/4/31
is Issue & Submit
13.4.31

OFFICE OF THE THIRD MEMBER OF COUNCIL
16 APR 1931
No 6998

16
Finl secy has agreed
Opt & fair subd
Amn 14/4 Issue Communicated by 14/4/31

Com 2100 14-4-31

7 To the President, Nyasaland
Director of Health in Nyasa
Compelled to Govt
No L8465-67 dt 14.4.31
Sanctions, subject to certain
conditions, the grant of a loan
of Rs 25000/= for improving
Conservancy in Nyasa City

17 Received when a D.F.N
was directed
Mr 15/4 (3rd Member) 16.4.31.

NOTE—Contn Sheet

WD 02553 -50,000—GPB—8 7 30

Subs. Loan a/c signed
F.N by the Member
Bu 17/4

File No 178 4377

Please submit to the Dewan with a D.S.N.

RS
17/4/31

VS

DEWAN'S OFFICE
5065
20 APR 1931

Subs. with a D-S-N.

17.4.31 Dewan)

VS
17.4.31

21-4-31

General and Revenue
Secretariat

C417

Scheme for the improvement of Conservancy in Mysore City.

( )

31 All urgent or confidential files returned with His Highness orders may in the absence of instruction or indications to the contrary be ordinarily circulated to the Members of Council for perusal after the issue of orders

33 The Secretaries concerned should see that orders in the cases referred to above are issued at once and that the files are returned immediately after to the Chief Secretary for circulation to the Members

34 In all other cases the files will first be circulated to the members of Council at Headquarters and then sent to the Secretariat concerned for the issue of orders

Circulated to Members of Council for perusal of His Highness' orders before/after issue of orders (*Vide* Rules 31, 33 and 34 of the Subsidiary Rules for the conduct of business of Council in the Manual of Council Rules and Procedure)

G M Subramaniam

Chief Secretary to Government

Through the Secretary to Government

Genl Department

RG
30 4 31

1672
2/5

FIRST MEMBER OF COUNCIL 2/5/31

9553
1/5

SECOND MEMBER OF COUNCIL 1/5/31

7746
1/5

THIRD MEMBER OF COUNCIL 1/5/31

NOTE —Contn sheet

8

Record of Cases submitted for the Orders of His Highness the Maharaja

Subject.

Scheme for the improvement of conservancy in Mysore City.

Order.

524

KRM
27/4/31

C Secy
M
27-4-31

MM 29/4/31

9

Submitted to His Highness.

I submit herewith a Final Note by the Third Member of Council ~~on the subject of~~ regarding the Government Order on the scheme for the improvement of conservancy in the Mysore City, for His Highness' gracious ~~approval~~ perusal.

Mirza M. Ismail

Dewan

Bangalore,
21st April 1931.

Final Note by the Third Member of Council. 10

Subject:—

Government Order dated 14th April 1931 sanctioning a scheme for the improvement of the conservancy in the Mysore City.

I submit herewith for His Highness's gracious perusal a copy of Government Order No.L. 8465-7/Ml. 178-30-7 dated 14th April 1931, sanctioning a scheme for the improvement of the conservancy in the Mysore City. The main features of the scheme are:-

1. Introduction of compulsory daily conservancy of conservable latrines by Municipal agency.
2. Imposition of a Special Sanitary Cess to raise funds for meeting the expenditure, latrines of the flushing type being exempted for a minimum period of 3 years.
3. Grant of a loan of Rs 25,000 for meeting the initial cost of the scheme the loan and interest being paid in 10 equal annual instalments and •
4. Repairing existing public latrines at a cost of Rs 8,000 and grant of loans to the extent of Rs 5,000 for construction of latrines in the city.

MEMBER ~~OF~~ COUNCIL.

Bangalore,)
17th April 1931)

H377 11

App F III—2]

General and Revenue Secretariat | 2nd File No 178 of 1930 CH 417

Serial No

Returned with compliments, after perusal of His Highness' Orders by Members of Council.

Reference is however invited to Cl.XIX of the Schedule to the Council Rules of Business, according to which "grant of loans of and above Rs.10,000" is ~~ought~~ to be treated as Council Matter and the papers have to be circulated to Council before submission to His Highness.

General Secretary to Govt. with compliments. 2/5/31

Rg 4/5/31

L S G 4/5/31

May the papers be returned in B now?

yes VS 6.5.31

GEN. & REV. SECTT. 7 MAY 1931 L. S. G. BRANCH

NOTE—Contn Sheet

WD 02553—50,000—GPB—8 7 30

1647 2/3/E

City Municipal Office,
Mysore,

Dated 19th March *193* 1

Dear Sir,

In my letter No.1577 dated 11th March 1931 to Government regarding proposals for improving -- conservancy of latrines, I request you to kindly insert the words "per mensem" after "Rs.2,500/-" in sub para 3 of para 2.

Yours sincerely,

Municipal Commissioner

To

B.Narayanaswamiengar,Esq.,B.A.,B.L.,
General Secretary to the Government
of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
Bangalore.

MR 178-30-6

No G.T 1577.
Enc 4

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT,
CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, MYSORE

Dated 9th March 1931

From

T.G.Rama Iyer, Esq., B.A.,

President, City Municipal Council,

MYSORE

SECTT 4377

To

The General Secretary to the Government
of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
Bangalore.

Sir,

I have the honour to forward herewith a copy of my Note regarding proposals for improving conservancy in the Mysore City. The Note was placed before the Municipal Council at their meeting held on the 15th November 1930 (Vide Resolution No.161 copy enclosed) and it was referred to a Committee for consideration of the question as to whether Special Sanitary Cess or General Sanitary Cess is necessary, the arrangements to be made for improving the present system of conserving conservable latrines, the ways and means and all other allied subjects. The Committee after going through the question in all its aspects submitted their report dated 31st December 1930 (copy enclosed) which formed the subject matter of Council's Resolution No.295 dated 14th February 1931 (copy enclosed).

The main points referred to in the Council's Resolution of 14th February 1931 are stated below:-

1. Introduction of compulsory daily conservancy of conservable latrines by Municipal agency.

2. Impost of a Special Sanitary Cess to raise funds for expenditure, the rate being fixed at two percent per annum of the rental value fixed for House tax, irrespective of whehter the latrines are of the flushing type or cleansed by scavengers subject to a minimum of four annas a month and a maximum of Rs.3 per mensem.

3. Recurring expenditure of Rs.2,500/- per annum as detailed below:-

(a)	50 double bullock carts including drivers pay ...	Rs. 1,125
(b)	100 Sweepers (at 2 per cart), 50 on Rs.12 and 50 on Rs.10/-	Rs. 1,100

14

(c) One Maistry and 10 Gangmen for the trenching ground	Rs.	120
Total	Rs.	2,345
Contingencies for baskets brooms etc. ...		155
Total	Rs.	2,500

4. Non-recurring expenditure of Rs.25,000/- as particularised below:-

(a) Purchase of 50 Sanitary carts and pairs of bullocks @ 350	Rs.	17,500
(b) Trenching ground.		
Purchase of land Etc., digging trenches.	"	2,500
(c) Sheds for carts etc., ...	"	5,000
Total	Rs.	25,000

5. Obtaining a loan of Rs.25,000/- from Government to meet the non-recurring expenditure repayable in 10 annaul equated payments of Rs.3,500 per annum.

6. Repairing the existing public latrines at a cost of Rs.8,000/- and grant of loans to the extent of Rs.5,000 for the construction of latrines in the City, the loans being subject to a maximum of Rs.30 in each case and recoverable in not more than 12 monthly instalments. The total expenditure on this account will be met from the fixed deposit of Rs.13,176 which matured last November.

Formalities to be observed in respect of the impost of this Cess as per Section 60 of the Municipal Regulation are being gone through and the subject will be submitted to Government separately for sanction in due course.

I request that as resolved by the Council, sufficient funds may kindly be granted by Government to the Trust Board to expedite the extension of the underground sewerage system in Mandi, Lashkar and other parts of the City which have not yet been fully served.

In this connection, I beg to state that in respect of the provision of privies in houses which have none, and of the conversion of pit latrines to daily conservable latrines, a preliminary survey is being conducted and Mohalawar lists under each of the above heads are being got prepared systematically. For this purpose an establishment consisting of two Sanitary Inspectors on Rs.35 + 10 each a month and 2 peons on Rs.10 each is entertained, the cost being met from the amount of Rs.500/- sanctioned by the Council in their Resolution No.161 referred to above. Already 3863 houses have been inspected and lists

prepared.

In view of the far reaching importance of the scheme, I request that early sanction of Government may kindly be obtained to items 3, 4, 5 & 6.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

PVR.

President.

Proposals for Improving Conservancy in Mysore City

Part I (Confidential)

---oooOooo---

It has always been a reproach to this City-a model in many respects-that it has no system of compulsory daily conservancy by municipal agency as in most other cities and towns. In the interests of public health it has been widely recognised that the non-removal of night-soil for over 24 hours in the premises of dwelling houses facilitates the spread of most intestinal diseases like dysentry, diarrhoea, enteric fever, cholera etc. In fact, Section 129 of the Municipal Regulation prescribes - punishment for non-removal of night-soil for more than 24 hours. The occurrence of a large number of cases of enteric fever in recent times has naturally called attention to this grave defect in the sanitary arrangements in Mysore City and the duty of the Municipal Council to devise and introduce a satisfactory system of daily compulsory conservancy cannot be put off any longer in spite of the fact that it involves a heavy additional financial burden to their present preaarious resources

The system that has been in force all these years up to the present day is one of private employment of scavengers by house-owners to clean their latrines, the Municipality only subsidising agriculturists who - voluntarily cart the night-soil to their fields for its manurial value. This helps most municipal sweepers to eke out a small income in addition to their pay and has also been useful to agriculturists to collect - - manure and also receive a subsidy for such collection. But the system is primitive and is fraught with numerous defects - the most important of which are set forth below

As the night-soil carts receive a mere nominal payment of Rs.5/- per mensem for a double bullock cart and it is the manure rather than remuneration that attracts them to the City, it is not practicable to - enforce a high standard of discipline in respect of regular attendance especially in working hours etc.

The night-soil cart often loaded with much more than a cart-load fully exposing the offensive matter to the disgust of passers-by - - without even a veil of sand or ash is taken ø at snail's pace by

In short, the system that has been prevailing all these years is extremely unsatisfactory and the introduction of compulsory daily conservancy cannot be put off any further. We may therefore proceed to consider this important question.

T.G.RAMA IYER,
President,
City Municipal Council,
Mysore

Proposals for Improving conservancy in Mysore City

Part II

The first question that arises for consideration is whether the water-closet system should be introduced or whether dry-cleaning of latrines by human agency should be introduced. There are about 67 miles of underground sewage pipe-line and nearly 9,000 under-ground house-connections for sewage and this underground system has been laid at a cost of about Rupees eighteen lakhs to the Trust Board. To make use of this extensive under-ground system, the water-closet system is the one to be introduced. But the present water-supply is too precarious for proper drainage in the under-ground system, the supply being only about 15 gallons per head of the population. A scheme for the enhancement of the water-supply at a cost of about three lakhs of rupees has been submitted to Government and if that scheme is sanctioned and when that scheme is worked out it would be possible to introduce a large number of water-closets. The Municipal Council have also the power under Section 106(1) of the Municipal Regulation to enforce the substitution of water closets for privies. But there are certain limitations to the extension of the water-closet system in this City owing to the heavy cost of flushing latrines and the general poverty of house-owners. Flushing latrines of the ordinary types cost anything from Rs.80 to Rs.120 including the cost of masonry and from the large number of cheap mud houses in the City without proper internal drainage it may not be practicable to introduce the water-closet system even in the distant future to more than about fifty per cent of the houses in the City even if cheap flushing arrangements are introduced Mr.Mieldazis, Sanitary Engineer of the Rockfeller Foundation is engaged in devising a very cheap type of flushing arrangement for introduction in Mysore City and we look forward anxiously to the success of his experiments In any event the scheme for enhancement of water-supply will, if sanctioned, take not less than about three years to be worked out, and the further extension of the under-ground system and the introduction of flushing

flushing latrines to about 8,000 houses and the consequential - improvements to the septic tanks will at a modest estimate take not less than another five years. These details have been gone into at length to shew that in spite of the advantages of the water-closet system and the facilities that exist for the introduction of that system in the shape of an extensive under-ground system and of an inexhaustible ultimate source of water-supply, the water-closet system cannot be introduced to any appreciable extent within the next five years. It being thus clear that the introduction of the water-closet system on a very large scale is a - distant event and that, even on the happening of that contingency about fifty per cent of houses would still have to depend upon daily conservancy by Municipal agency, it is necessary now to make arrangements for the introduction of the compulsory municipal daily conservancy. In order therefore to effect improvement in the - present system of conservancy the following measures have to be adopted

1. The Municipality should undertake the daily conservancy of houses.

2. Compulsory alteration of pit-latrines into daily conservable latrines by the owners of houses(Section 107 Municipal Regulation). Default of the owner is punishable, as a continuing offence(Section 155), with fine for every day

3. Compelling owners of houses which have no privies to provide privies(Section 107 106 Municipal Regulation). Default is punishable with fine for every day(Section 155).

4. Prosecution for night-soil manure pits as in Kannegowdana Koppal(Section 136).

5. Provision of a large number of public latrines or urinals or in the alternative, of repairing the abandoned latrines of the Trust Board.

Of these proposals (2), (3) and (4) require only a systematic campaign of prosecution side by side with propagandistic work

and arrangements can be made for this without undue labour or cost. The Trust Board may be requested to set apart Rs.10,000 in the next year for the construction of latrines.

The proposal about daily municipal conservancy involves heavy additional recurring and non-recurring expenditure. This aspect of the question will now be discussed.

The three alternative methods of removal and disposal of night-soil to be ~~xxx~~ considered are

Firstly, the method of removal from latrines in hand-carts drawn by sweepers to the street and then transport of the night-soil drums to trenching grounds outside the City by motor-lorries - Conservancy lanes are neither wide enough nor hard enough for lorries to go and it would involve waste of time and petrol if lorries should undertake the collection from latrines. If motor lorries are to be used, then hand-carts are quite essential The cost of these two put together is far in excess of that of bullock-carts both in respect of initial and recurring expenditures.

Secondly, The collection of night-soil by bullock-carts at some centre or centres and burning it in Incinerators. While this effects a saving only in the distances to be travelled by bullock-carts there is loss of manurial value of the night-soil and also expenditure of power or fuel for incineration.

Thirdly, The sytem of collection of night-soil in bullock carts with barrels closed with lids and removal in the same carts to the trenching grounds - This system is the easiest work and is the cheapest in respect of both recurring and non-recurring expenditure. Though the number of daily conservable latrines at present is only 5,000, this number

number will have to be at least doubled in the course of two or three years by the enforcement of Sections 106 and 107 of the Municipal Regulation as otherwise there would be very little improvement in health conditions in the City as already explained

The expenditure necessary for a scheme of compulsory daily conservancy by municipal agency for about 10,000 latrines or roughly about 15,000 gallons of night-soil per day in 75 carts of 200 gallons ~~of~~ capacity each may now be calculated. The expenditure has to be considered under three heads, viz., (1) the conservancy establishment (2) the conveying establishment and (3) the trenching grounds establishment

The present number of conservancy establishment sweepers is 482 or in round figures 500 and for collection of night-soil from about 10,000 latrines, the present number has to be increased by 100 sweepers. In actual working, 150 scavengers would be necessary at the rate of 2 per cart, but as a large number of sweepers could be relieved of scavenging work which they are doing now on payment by house owners, it should be possible to depute 50 scavengers out of the present strength solely for removal of night-soil. The number of scavengers has to be increased from 500 to 600 on pay ranging from Rs.10 to Rs 12 per mensem. The present number of conservancy peons is 49 or in round figures 50 and these conservancy peons who are in charge of the sweeping of the main roads, clearance of street rubbish from dust-bins and removal of chokage from gully-traps etc. as at present have sufficient work to do in their present sphere of duties and it is not practicable to assign to them the duty of supervising the removal of night-soil On the other hand it is necessary that a conservancy peon should accompany each night-soil cart and its sweepers to see that the night-soil is removed from every latrine into the cart. Therefore the number of conservancy peons has to be increased by 75 i.e., one for every night-soil cart and all these peons have to be given a pay of Rs.12 each per mensem

The total number of Sanitary Overseers at present is 15 and

and this number may continue without any increase. The number of Sanitary Inspectors may be increased by one so that every Mohalla may have a Sanitary Inspector except Fort and Nazarbad which may have one for both together as at present.

It would not be practicable to enforce the health by-laws unless there is one Sanitary Inspector for each Mohalla as there would be considerable prosecution work also in addition to health and conservancy work The additional expenditure on conservancy establishment thus works out as follows

Items	Annual expenditure Rs.
100 additional sweepers at Rs.11 per mensem(average between 10 & 12)	13,200
75 conservancy peons at Rs.12 per mensem	10,800
1 Sanitary Inspector on Rs.70 + 10 per mensem	960
	24,960

Cost of establishment - Rs.24,960 per annum recurring
Contingencies for baskets, brooms etc. at 8 annas per latrine " 5,000 "
Total " 29,960

Conveyance Establishment - Taking the price of each cart at Rs.200 and of a pair of bullocks at Rs.150, the total non-recurring expenditure for the purchase of 75 carts and pairs of bullocks works up to 75 x 350 or Rs.26,250 The cost of a shed for the carts and bullocks may be estimated at Rs.6,000 and the recurring expenditure in respect of these 75 night-soil carts at the rate of Rs.22-8-0 per mensem or Rs.270 per annum(the rate prescribed for rubbish carts)works up to 75 x 270 or Rs.20,250 per annum. The expenditure incurred at present for 46 night-soil carts is 46 x 60 or Rs.2,760 and the current year's budget contains a provision of Rs.840 for additional night-soil carts The present expenditure may therefore be taken at Rs.2,760 + 840 or Rs.3,600. The net additional expenditure on the conveyance - establishment works out to Rs.20,250 minus Rs.3,600 or Rs.16,650/- per annum recurring and Rs.32,250 non-recurring.

Trenching ground Establishment - The non-recurring expenditure for trenching grounds is shewn hereunder

15 acres of land @ Rs.200 per acre . .	Rs.3,000
Approach Road . .	" 3,000
Water supply for washing carts .	" 2,000
Shed for washing the carts in the trenching ground .	" 3,000
Digging 180 trenches each of 200 cubic yards @ 4 annas a cubic yard(each trench will be sold as manure once in 6 months and the trench gets re-dug by removal of manure, hence 180 trenches will be sufficient).	" 9,000
Total	" 20,000

The recurring expenditure necessary for the trenching ground may be fixed as hereunder -

One Sanitary Overseer on Rs.40 + 10 per mensem	Rs 600
One Conservancy Mar tri" " 15 per mensem	" 180
Ten gangmen for washing the carts at Rs.12 per mensem i.e. 10 x 12 x 12(for 12 months)	" 1,440
Cost of disinfectants for washing the carts at Rs.10 per day	" 3 600
Total	" 5,820

In addition the cost of clothing to the peons works up to Rs.500. The total additional recurring and non-recurring expenditure on this scheme works out as follows -

		Recurring	Non-recurring
1	Conservancy Establishment	Rs 29,960	-
2.	Conveyance Establishment	" 16,650	32 250
3.	Trenching grounds Establishment	" 5,820	20,000
4.	Clothing to peons	" 500	-
	Total	" 52,930	52,250

i.e. Rs.52,930 recurring and Rs 52,250 non-recurring As against this expenditure the only item of receipt is from the sale of manure in the trenches In view of the prevailing belief among local agriculturists that raw night-soil is better than night-soil kept in trenches for 6 months and as the trenching grounds have to be far from the City, it would not be safe to reckon upon a higher realisation than 8 annas a cubic yard or 180 trenches x 200 cubic yards x 8 annas or Rs.18,000/- in the first year when there will be no realisation for the first 6 months and Rs 36,000 from the second year onwards when each trench will yield manure twice a year

The net additional expenditure to be borne by the Municipality thus works out to

25

(i) in the 1st year Rs.52,930 minus Rs.18,000 from sale of manure or Rs.34,930 recurring and Rs 52,250 non-recurring

(ii) in the 2nd year & onwards } Rs.52,930 minus Rs.36,000 from sale of manure or Rs.16,930 recurring & nil non-recurring

Arrangements have to be made to meet an expenditure of Rs.34,970 or in round figures Rs.35,000 for recurring expenditure and Rs.52,250/- for non-recurring expenditure in 1931-32. The following suggestions are offered for consideration to meet the recurring expenditure of Rs.34,930 in 1931-32 -

(1) Two per cent Sanitary Cess	Rs.24,000
(2) Out of the Fixed Deposit of Rs.12,000 - maturing in November 1930	" 10,930
Total	" 34,930

The non-recurring expenditure of Rs.52,250 in 1931-32 may be met by a loan of Rs.50,000 from Government repayable in ten equated payments of Rs.7,000 per annum for ten years and Rs.2,250 from current revenues.

The expenditure to be met in 1931-33 onwards and the corresponding receipts will stand as follows

Receipts		Expenditure	
2% Sanitary Cess	Rs.24,000	(1) Net additional recurring expenditure	Rs 16,970
		(2) Instalment of repayment for loan of Rs.50,000	" 7,000
Total	" 24,000	Total	" 23,970

Thus it would be practicable to introduce the scheme outlined above if a Sanitary Cess of 2% of the rental value is imposed. Such a cess is in force in the Bangalore City Municipality and it would be very much less than what house-owners have now to pay for the removal of night-soil from their dwelling houses. In view of the importance of this scheme it is commended for careful consideration Detailed statements of income and expenditure as proposed in this scheme for 1931-32 and 1932-33 onwards are appended

T G.RAMA IYER,
President
City Municipal Council,
Mysore

GVN50

Proposed income and expenditure on the scheme in 1931-1932

Receipts	Rs.	Expenditure	Rs.	
Proceeds of 2% Sanitary Cess	24,000	100 additional scavengers at Rs.11 per month.	13,200	Re-curring
		75 conservancy peons at Rs.12 per month	10,800	
Loan from Government	50,000	1 Sanitary Inspector on Rs.70 - 10 per month	960	
		Contingencies for baskets, brooms etc . . .	5,000	
Out of Fixed Deposit maturing in November 1930	10,930	Purchase of 75 carts and bullocks @ Rs.350 per unit . . .	26,250	Non-recurring
Sale proceeds of manure	18,000	Construction of shed for above.	6,000	
From current revenues.	2,250	Maintenance of 75 carts and bullocks @ Rs.22-8-0 per month.minus present ex-. penditure of Rs.3,600 .	16,650	Recurring
		Purchase of 15 acres of land @ Rs.200 per acre for trenching . .	3,000	Non-recurring
		Approach Road to trenches.	3,000	
		Water Supply to Do	2 000	
		Shed for washing carts in trenches. . . .	3,000	
		Digging 180 trenches .	9,000	
		One Sanitary Overseer in the trenching ground on Rs.40 - 10 . . .	600	Re-curring
		One Conservancy Maistri on Rs.15/- . . .	180	
		Ten gangmen at Rs.12	1,440	
		Disinfectants for carts @ Rs.10 per day . .	3,600	
		Clothing to 76 peons. .	500	
Total	1,05,180	Total	1,05,180	

Proposed income and expenditure on the scheme from 1932-33 onwards

---

Proceeds of 2% Cess	24,000	All recurring items of the previous year, .	52,930	
Sale proceeds of manure	36,000	Instalment of loan to Government . .	7,000	
Total	60,000	Total	59,930	

-----oooooOOOooo-----

T.G.RAMA IYER,
President,
City Municipal Council,Mysore.

GVN50

Proceedings of the 7th (General Special) meeting of the Municipal Council, Mysore, held in the Council Chamber on Saturday the 15th November 1930 at 8 A.M.

T.G.Rama Iyer, Esq., B.A., President

1. M.Ramaswamy, Esq., Vice-President.
2. M.Rama Rao, Esq., B.A.,B.L.,
3. M.K.Krishna Rao, Esq.,
4. P.Sitaramiah, Esq., B.A.,B.L.,
5. C.Narasimhaiah, Esq.,B.A.,B.L.,
6. P.S.Ramaswamiengar, Esq.,
7. T.S.Alli Khan, Esq.,
8. S.Nanjaraj Urs, Esq.,
9. M.C.Thammiah, Esq.,
10. M.Venkatakrishniah, Esq.,
11. A.Krishna Rao, Esq., B.A.,B.L.,
12. P.H.Chandrabhan Singh, Esq.,
13. S.Krishnaswamy Rao, Esq.,B.A.,LL.B.,
14. Rev.Father I.H.Labo.
15. P.N.Sangappa, Esq.,
16. W.H.Theobald, Esq.,
17. Mohamed Sait, Esq.,
18. Khan Bahadur P.Pallonji, Esq.,
19. V.T.Armaga Mogaliar,Esq.,
20. H.C.Dasappa, Esq., B.A.,LL.B.,

Absent.

1. C.Doddajavarappa, Esq.,
2. M.C.Lakshmipathiah, Esq., B.A.,
3. Dharmaprakasa D.Banumiah, Esq.,
4. T.Thammanna,Esq.,
5. M.Madappa, Esq.,
6. K.Dhanakotichetty,Esq.,
7. Y.Virupakshiah, Esq.,
8. M.P.Bhogiah, Esq., B.A.,B.L.,
19. Mrs.W.H.Theobald.

161. President's Note regarding proposals for improving conservancy in Mysore City.

After very careful consideration the following resolution was passed:-

A. Resolved unanimously that the existing public latrines constructed by the Trust Board which have ceased to be operative be repaired and put into working order.

B. Resolved unanimously that the Trust Board be requested to construct about 50 more public latrines, in localities to be selected by the Chairman, two members of the Trust Board and the respective Mohalla Councillors.

C. Resolved unanimously that in respect of the provision of privies in houses which have none(Section 106) and of the conversion of pit latrines to daily conservable latrines,(Sec. 107)

(1) a preliminary survey be conducted and Mohallawar lists under each of the above heads be got prepared systematically,

(2) such lists be sent to the Mohalla Councillors for information and in cases of difference of opinion between the Health Department and the Mohalla Councillors as to whether in a particular case Section 106 ~~and~~ or 107 may be enforced, the matter be left for the disposal of the President after inspection.

D. Resolved unanimously (1) that a Committee be appointed to consider the question as to whether special Sanitary Cess or General Sanitary Cess is necessary, the arrangements to be made for improving the present system of conserving conservable latrines, the ways and means and all other allied subjects,

(2) that the Committee be composed of:-

(1) The President
(2) The Health Officer.
(3) Mr.A.Krishna Rao.
(4) " C.Narasimhaiya.
(5) " P.Sitaramiah.
(6) " V.P.Arrugam Modaliar.
(7) " D.Lanumiah.

(8) Mr. ..H. Meobald.
(9) " T.K.Krishna Rao.
~~(10) " A.Krishna Rao.~~
(10) The Vice-President.
(11) " Mohomed Seth

E. Resolved unanimously that a sum of Rs.500 be placed at the disposal of the President for carrying out the survey referred to in Resolution C (1) above.

x x x

Sd/-T.G.Rama Iyer,
President.

"Copy"

President.

Proceedings of the meeting of the Committee appointed in Council's Resolution No.161 dated 15th November 1930 re: Sanitary Cess, held on Wednesday the 31st December 1930 at 4 P.M.

Present.

1. T.G.Rama Iyer, Esq., B.A., President.
2. A.Krishna Rao, Esq., B.A.,B.L.,
3. Dharmaprakasa D.Banumiah, Esq.,
4. W.H.Theobald, Esq.,
5. M.K.Krishna Rao, Esq.,
6. The Vice-President

Absent.

1. The Health Officer.
2. C.Narasimhayya, Esq., B.A.,B.L.,
3. P.Sitaramiah, Esq., B.A.,B.L.,
4. V.T.Armuga Modaliar, Esq.,
5. Mahomed Sait, Esq.,

1. Resolved unanimously that compulsory daily conservancy of latrines should be undertaken by Municipal agency and should not be left to voluntary effort as at present.

2. Resolved that a special sanitary cess of 3% of the rental value subject to a maximum of Rs.2 per mensem and a minimum of four annas a month be levied on conservable latrines, the rate of cess being reduced to 2% in the case of flushing latrines.

3. Resolved that the following expenditure be recommended for the purpose.

Recurring.

	Rs.
(1) Fifty double bullock carts including drivers' pay. ...	1,125 per month.
(2) Fifty sweepers at Rs.12 and fifty peons on Rs.10. ...	1,100
(3) One Maistri and 10 gangmen for the trenching ground. ...	120
Total	2,345
Contingencies for baskets,brooms etc.	155
Total.	2,500

Non-Recurring.

Purchase of 50 sanitary carts and pairs of bullocks @ Rs.350	17,500
Trenching grounds	
Purchase of land & digging trenches.	2,500
Sheds etc.for carts and bullocks.	5,000
	25,000

31

4. Resolved that Government be requested for a loan of Rs.25,000 to meet the non-recurring expenditure repayable in 10 annual equated payments of Rs.3,500 per annum.

5. Resolved that a sum of Rs.12,000 be set apart by the Municipality (being the fixed deposit which matured in last November) for giving advances for the construction of latrines in the City. Daily conservable latfines may be got constructed in the areas not yet provided with under-ground sewage pipe lines and flushing latrines in the sewered areas. The advances should be subject to a maximum of Rs.30 in each case and should be recovered in not more than twelve monthly instalments.

6. Resolved that Government be requested to kindly grant to the Trust Board sufficient funds to expedite the extension of the under-ground sewerage system in Mandi, Lashkar and other parts of the City which have not yet been fully sewered.

Sd/-T.G.Rama Iyer,
President.

"Copy"

PVR. President.

G R S App F VI G-2]
SUBJECT

32

Diary No of letter replied to

General and Revenue Secretariat

( ) *the* *193*

Sec ML
File No. 178-30
Serial No 7

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore

Date of issue 14/4/1931

Signed by M. Y. S. Sastri.

May this be

(i) Printed ?

(ii) treated as a standing order ?

(iii) published in the Gazette, English Part ?

(iv) translated ?

(v) placed at the disposal of the press ?

(vi) published in the Gazette, Kannada Part ? Contd.

Read— Letter No. G 7 1577 Dy 11.3.31 from the Prot Mysore engineer, forwarding proposals for improving the tower tanks in Mysore city, approved by the Municipal Order Thereon No L.8465-67 Dt 14/4/31

The main proposals features of the Scheme are:—

1. Introduction of compulsory daily conservancy of conservancy latrines by Municipal agency
2. Imposition of a

(iv) Special Sanitary Cess
to realise funds for meeting
the expenditure, the rate
being fixed at 2% per
annum of the rental
values per each for house
Latrines, irrespective of the
latrines being of the
flushing type or cleansed
by Scavengers, subject to
a minimum of four
annas and a maximum of
Rs 3 per month

3:- Recurring expenditure
of Rs 2500 p.a. for working expenses

List of enclosure

4:- Non recurring expenditure
of Rs 25000 to be paid by
Govt as a loan & repayable
by the Municipality in 10 annual
equated payments of
Rs 3500 per annum.

Copied by

Examined by

5:- Replacing the existing
public latrines at a
cost of Rs 8000 & Grant of

WD 02560 -GPB -11,250--2 7

G R S G/33]

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT

(Continuation sheet draft form)

loans to the extent of Rs 5000 for the construction of latrines in the city, subject to certain conditions. The expenditure being met out of the bi-annual deposit of Rs 13,176 which matured ~~last~~ Nov. 1930.

2. The Director of Health who was consulted in the matter, is in full agreement with the above proposals and recommends their early adoption; except the imposition of the special cess on the latrines of the flush type, which should be exempted from the cess, for a period of 3 years with a view to encourage the substitution of flush latrines for those of the dry type.

3. Govt. have no objection to the grant of a loan of Rs 25,000 required for meeting

WD 2230—GPB—1 00 000—23 7 20

35

The entire

Scheme subject to the

following conditions

(a) loan to carry interest

at 6 p.c. per annum

(b). loan to be repaid in 10

annual equal instalments,

discharging principal as

well as interest

(c) Default in payment

of any instalment will

~~render~~ make the Municipality

to pay up the whole

amount outstanding

in one lump.

Specific Source of revenue

to be earmarked for the

repayment of the loan

The other proposals

made above are also

sanctioned, subject to the

exemption of house taxes

for payment of the Special

Conservancy Cess. as proposed

G R S G/33]

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT

(Continuation sheet draft form)

by the Director of Stores

11.4.31

For favour of [illegible]
the Post Impression
Medal.
The Director of Stores
The Compliments and
T.D.

WD 2230—GPB—1 00 000—23 7 20

37

PROCEEDINGS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE.

(Extra)

Read —

Letter No. C.T. 1577, dated 11th March 1931, from the President Mysore City Municipal Council, forwarding for orders proposals for improving the conservancy in Mysore City, approved by the Municipal Council.

Order No. L. 84 65-67/XA 178-34-7

Bangalore, dated the 16th April 1931.

The main proposals contained of the scheme are:-

(1) Introduction of compulsory daily conservancy of conservable latrines by Municipal agency.

(2) Imposition of a Special Sanitary Cess to raise funds for meeting the expenditure, the rate being fixed at 2 % per annum of the rental value fixed for house tax, irrespective of the latrines being of the flushing type or cleaned by scavengers, subject to a minimum of four annas and a maximum of Rs. 3 per month.

(3) Recurring expenditure of Rs. 2,500 per mensem for working expenses.

(4) Non-recurring expenditure of Rs. 25,000 to be paid by Government as a loan and repayable by the Municipality in 10 annual equated payments of Rs. 3,500 per annum.

(5) Repairing the existing public latrines at a cost of Rs. 8,000 and grant of loans to the extent of Rs. 5,000 for the construction of latrines in the City, subject to certain conditions the expenditure being met out of the fixed deposit of Rs. 13,176 which matured in November 1930.

2. The Director of Health who was consulted in the matter is in full agreement with the above proposals and recommends their early adoption, except the impost of the special cess on the latrines of the flush type, which should be exempted from the cess for a minimum period of 3 years with a view to encourage the substitution of flush latrines for those of the dry type.

ON THE GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS
THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE.

38

3. Government have no objection to the grant of a loan of Rs. 25,000 required for meeting the initial cost of the scheme subject to the following conditions:-

(a) Loan to carry interest at 6 per cent per annum.

(b) Loan to be repaid in 10 annual equal instalments, discharging principal as well as interest.

(c) Default in payment of any instalment will make the Municipality liable to pay up the whole amount outstanding in one lump.

(d) Specific source of revenue to be ear-marked for the repayment of the loan.

4(The other proposals made above are also sanctioned, subject to the exemption of flush latrines from payment of the special conservancy cess as proposed by the Director of Health.

V Subhanna Gasatti

For General Secretary to Government

To

The President, City Municipal Council, Mysore.

The Director of ~~xxxxxxxx~~ Health in Mysore.

The Comptroller to Government through Fin. Sectt.